

Bezold-Jarisch Reflex with Elective C-Section under Epidural Anesthesia

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Background

- BJR is a cardioinhibitory reflex mediated by vagal sensory neurons
 - Classified by hypopnea, bradycardia, hypotension, syncope
- More commonly known to occur after acute MI, we describe a unique case of BJR occurring during epidural placement of a patient with a complex cardiopulmonary history

Vigorous contraction of a poorly filled ventricle Sympathetic activation Venous pooling Sympathetic activation Venous pooling Bradycardia

Clinical History

- 40F G6P2032 at 34w0d w/ monochorionic-diamniotic twin gestation, seen in high risk anesthesia clinic
- Complicated by fetal growth restriction, gestational diabetes
- Cardiac history: total anomalous pulmonary venous return with pericardial baffle, ASD repair, pulmonary valvulotomy in 1990, and pulmonary valve replacement in 2009 for severe pulmonary insufficiency
 - Echo findings: pulmonary valve stenosis, insufficiency, and a dilated right ventricle
 - Clinically asymptomatic



Clinical Scenario

- During final bolus of bupivicaine 0.25% while placing epidural, patient lost Pwaves and junctional rhythm was noted
- Became bradycardic to 40s, hypotensive to 80s/40s, and lost consciousness
 - Ultimately needed 10mg ephedrine and norepinephrine infusion for hemodynamic stability
 - Required short term oxygen support until p waves returned and blood pressure stabilized



Prevention/Discussion

- Due to her significant cardiopulmonary history, multiple steps were taken to prevent hemodynamic collapse
 - Seen in high risk clinic
 - Arterial line placed for constant monitoring
 - Epidural placed over spinal to avoid risk for hypotension
 - Use of ephedrine over phenylephrine to avoid reflex-mediated bradycardia
- What is the importance of multidisciplinary care management in high risk patients?
 - Using multiple fields of expertise to devise a safe plan of delivery for both mother and babies
 - In this patient specifically, cardiology, anesthesiology, and obstetrics all played a role in pre-partum planning