Beyond Pain Relief: Satisfaction and Anesthetic care in Cesarean Deliveries

Johari Summerville, BS; Amanda Tomlinson, MD; Diana Ruiz, BS; Salwa Najmi, BA; Yaakov Beilin, MD; Daniel Katz, MD



Background

- 32.1% of all births in the United States are via Cesarean
 Delivery (CD)¹
- Factors associated with patient satisfaction are complex
- Studies have shown that analgesia is not the only goal when undergoing CD²⁻⁴
- Main Goal: Assess which factors impact satisfaction with obstetric anesthesia care for CD



Study Designs & Methods

- Cross-sectional single site survey
- 100 patients who underwent a CD and were proficient in either English or Spanish on postpartum day 1
- Outcomes: pain during labor, itching, leg weakness, pain after delivery, shivering, anxiety, sleepiness, nausea, vomiting, and excess pain medication
- Outcomes were ranked (1; least important 10; most important) and allotted a weighted monetary value (totaling \$100)



Study Designs & Methods

Consent

100 patients who underwent CS, who were proficient in either English or Spanish, were approached on postpartum day 1.

Survey

Outcomes assessed: pain during labor, pain after delivery, shivering, anxiety, sleepiness, nausea, vomiting, and excess pain medication.

Ranking: 1 (most important) - 10 (least important).

Weighted monetary value (totaling \$100)

Data Analysis

To contextualize these findings, self-reported demographic data and clinical data were collected.

Data analysis was conducted with SPSS.



Results

Demographics		
Category	N	
Ethnicity/Race		
White	42	
Black/African-American	31	
American Indian/Alaska Native	3	
Asian	14	
Pacific Islander	0	
Other/Prefer Not to Answer	17	
Latinx/Hispanic/Spanish Origin	35	
Cesarean Section Status		
Induction	25	
Spontaneous labor	22	
Planned C-section	53	
Insurance Status		
Commercial	71	
Medicaid/Uninsured	29	

Outcomes Ranked	Average Ranking	Average Dollar Amount
 Pain during surgery 	2.19	\$31.31
Pain after surgery	3.93	\$12.60
3. Vomiting	4.18	\$10.00
4. Nausea	4.93	\$8.20
Shivering Uncontrollably	5.62	\$8.28
Itching all over your body	5.75	\$8.12
Nervousness and anxiety	6.44	\$6.22
8. Excess pain medication	6.71	\$5.47
Leg weakness	7.53	\$4.89
10. Sleepiness during surgery	7.71	\$4.76



Conclusions

- Overall satisfaction: 89.9% (38%-100%)
- A planned CD was significantly associated with satisfaction rates: (unplanned: 85.9%, planned: 93.4%; p<0.001)
- Avoidance of pain was consistently ranked as a top priority
 - Even for those who did not experience pain
- Future aim: Apply methodology to self-reported demographic information and expand surveys to other sites



References

- 1. CDC. (4.9.24). FastStats Births method of delivery.
- Richardson MG et al. Nitrous Oxide During Labor: Maternal Satisfaction Does Not Depend Exclusively on Analgesic Effectiveness. Anesth Analg. 2017
- 3. Anim-Somuah M et al. Epidural versus non-epidural or no analgesia for pain management in labour. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2018
- 4. Kinsella SM. A prospective audit of regional anaesthesia failure in 5080 Caesarean sections. Anaesthesia. 2008

