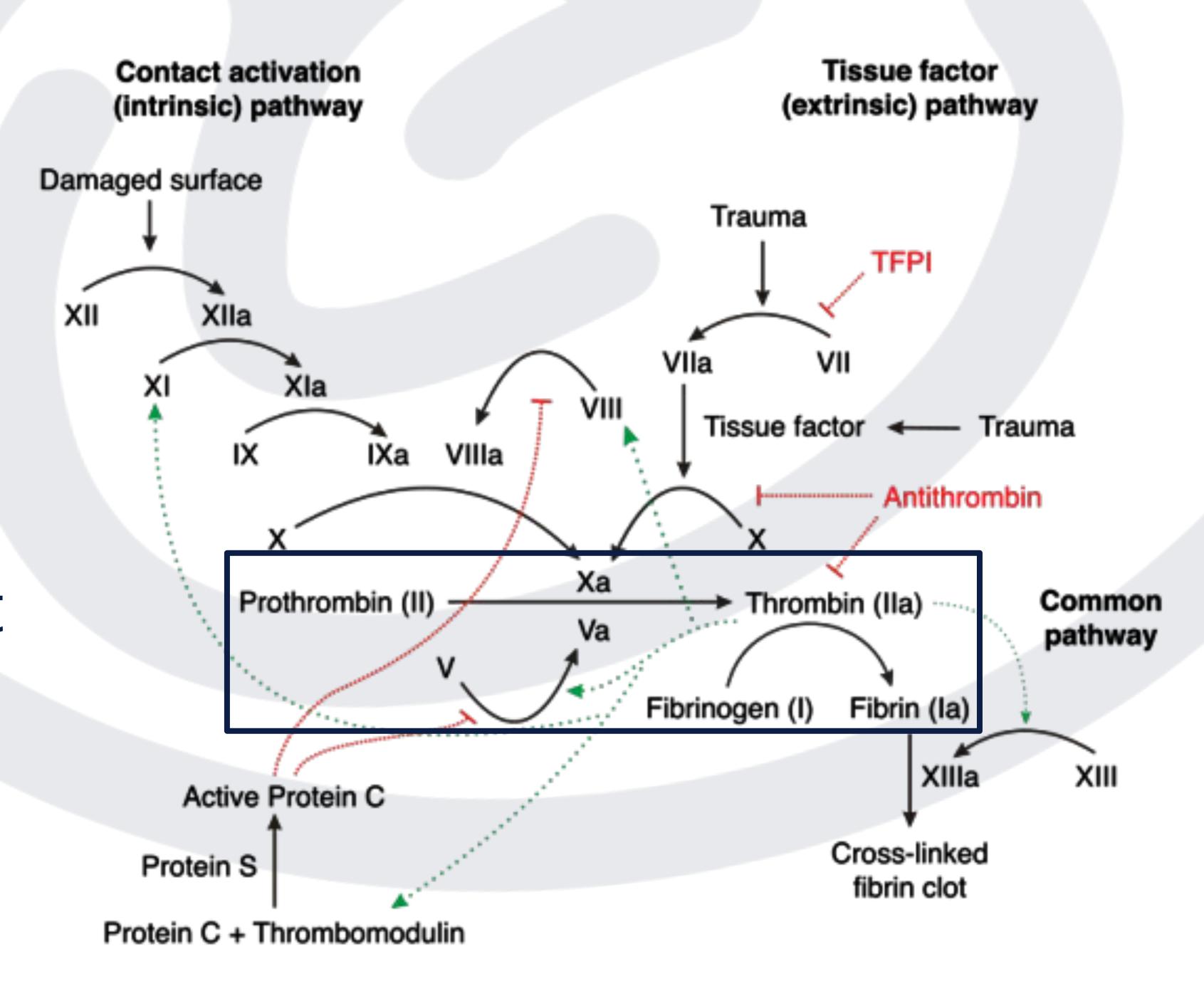
# A Case Of Factor V Deficiency Complicated By Fresh Frozen Plasma Allergy

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### Introduction

- Factor V deficiency is a rare, inherited bleeding disorder
- Disrupts conversion of prothrombin to thrombin
- Severity is based off of Factor V activity levels
- Managing bleeding episodes involves clotting factor replacement
- Only available through fresh frozen plasma (FFP) transfusions



## Case Description

- 33-year-old G3P1011 with severe factor V deficiency with less than 4% activity of factor V
- Outpatient managed with weekly infusions of 3u FFP at slow-rate with diphenhydramine and acetaminophen due to hives

39w0d: Admitted for induction of

39w2d: Progressed to complete. NSVD with oxytocin, misoprostol, carboprost, and TXA 1g IV for bleeding prophylaxis

PPD17: Presented to ED uncontrolled vaginal bleeding. Received 660mg TXA and 4u FFP.

 Incomplete Factor V repletion due to allergic reaction

PPD19:

Underwent uncomplicated D&C after receiving additional 2u FFP pre-op and 1g TXA intra-op





39w1d:

5cm dilated.

Induction paused

for 12 hours to





PPD2:



Discharged in

with minima

stable condition

vaginal bleeding





Pelvic ultrasound determined to need D&C

- Admitted at 39w0d for induction of labor with multidisciplinary plan
- o 7u FFP, oxytocin, misoprostol, carboprost, and tranexamic acid (TXA)
- Uncomplicated vaginal delivery with quantitative blood loss (QBL) of 80mL
- Seventeen days later presented with bleeding, ultrasound showed suspected vascularized retained products of conception, and she was planned for urgent D&C
- Only able to receive 6u FFP and 660mg TXA pre-procedure
- Ultimately uncomplicated D&C with 1g TXA and QBL 75mL

# Teaching Points

- FFP is the main treatment for bleeding in factor V deficiency, but can be difficult to have as lone treatment
- Contingency plans include TXA, platelets, prothrombin complex concentrate, and recombinant factor VIIa
  - o Platelets may be particularly effective in factor V deficiency as they release factor V
- Multidisciplinary approach important to develop care plan

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